## 米 TEST YOUR SKILLS

1 In triangle $A B C, \hat{A}$ equals 120 degrees. A point $D$ is inside the triangle such that $D \widehat{B C}=2 \cdot A \widehat{B} D$ and $D \widehat{C} B=2 \cdot A \widehat{C D}$. Determine the measure, in degrees, of $B \widehat{D} C$.

(CAN The 2nd Canadian Open Mathematics Challenge, 1997) [140ㅇ]

TEST
2 The difference between the sum of the measures of the interior angles of a convex decagon and the sum of the measures of the interior angles of a convex octagon equals the sum of the measures of the interior angles of a convex $\qquad$ A quadrilateral.
(D) heptagon.
(B) pentagon.

E None of these answers.
(C) hexagon.
(USA Northern State University: 50 th Annual Mathematics Contest, 2003)

3 Assume $p / / q$ in the figure shown. Then $x$ equals:
(A) 18 .
(B) 22.
© 40 .
(D) 62 .

E It cannot be determined from the information given.

(USA University of North Carolina: Western Region State Mathematics Finals, 2003)

4 Lines $A B$ and $C D$ are parallel and $\bar{C} \bar{B}=\bar{B} \bar{D}$. Given that $x$ is an acute angle not equal to $60^{\circ}$, how many other angles in this diagram are equal to $x$ ?
(A) 1
(B) 2

C 3
(D) 4

E 5

(UK Intermediate Mathematical Challenge, 2003)
5 Which of the following statements is not true?
(A) A rectangle is a parallelogram with four right angles.
B A rhombus is a parallelogram with four congruent sides.
© The diagonals of a rhombus are perpendicular.
D The diagonals of a rectangle are congruent.
E None of these statements.
(USA Northern State University:
52nd Annual Mathematics Contest, 2005)
6 If the diagonals of a quadrilateral are perpendicular to each other, the figure would always be included under the general classification:
(A) rhombus.
(B) rectangle.
(C) square.
(D) trapezoid.

E none of these.
(USA Indiana State Mathematics Contest, 2005)

7 Which of these statements is not a property of all trapezoids?
A Two sides are parallel.
B Diagonals intersect.
C Diagonals are congruent.
D Two pairs of angles are supplementary.
E None of these answers.
(USA Northern State University: 50th Annual Mathematics
Contest, 2003)

8 Here are three properties of a figure.
Property D: It has diagonals of equal length.
Property S: It is a square.
Property R: It is a rectangle.
Which of the following statements is true?
(A) If $D$ then $S$ and if $S$ then $R$.

B If $D$ then $R$ and if $R$ then $S$.
C If $S$ then $R$ and if $R$ then $D$.
D If R then D and if D then S .
If $R$ then $S$ and if $S$ then $D$. (USA Northern State University: 48th Annual Mathematics

Contest, 2001)

## GLOSSARY

| to assume: assumere | hexagon: esagono | right: retto |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| convex: convesso | length: lunghezza | side: lato |
| degree: grado | pentagon: pentagono | square: quadrato |
| diagram: grafico, schema | rectangle: rettangolo | statement: proposizione |
| heptagon: ettagono | rhombus: rombo | trapezoid: trapezio |

