

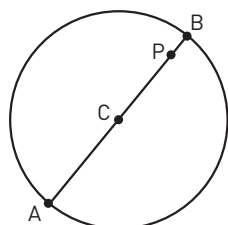
**YOU & MATHS** **Play the right chord** Let  $P$  be a point that belongs to the inside of a circle. Draw the chord that has  $P$  as its midpoint.

If  $P$  is the centre of the circle, any diameter satisfies the request.

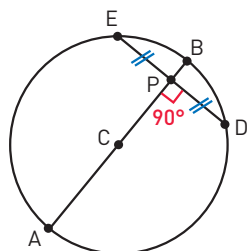
Let us now suppose that  $P$  is not the centre of the circle.

We recall that if a chord and a diameter are perpendicular, the diameter divides the chord in two equal halves. We use this result to find the chord that we are looking for.

Let  $C$  be the centre of the circle and let  $AB$  be the diameter that passes through point  $P$ .



Now let  $DE$  be the chord perpendicular to  $AB$  that passes through  $P$ .



Thanks to the mentioned theorem,  $P$  is the midpoint of  $DE$ .