

TEST YOUR SKILLS

- 1 TEST** Given a circle centered at (3; 4) that passes through point (7; 1), which of the following is the equation of the tangent line to the circle at point (7; 1)?

☐ A $4x - 3y = 25$
☐ B $3x + 4y = 25$
☐ C $3x - 4y = 17$
☐ D $4x + 3y = 31$
☐ E None of these.

(USA North Carolina State High School Mathematics Contest, 2004)

- 2** What is the y -component of the center of the circle which passes through $(-1; 2)$, $(3; 2)$ and $(5; 4)$?

(USA Lehigh University: High School Math Contest, 2001)

[6]

- 3** Find the equation of the circle that has a diameter with endpoints $(1; 1)$ and $(7; 5)$.

(USA Southern Illinois University Carbondale, Final Exam, 2003)

$$[x^2 + y^2 - 8x - 6y + 12 = 0]$$

- 4 TEST** Consider the circles with radii $4\sqrt{5}$ and which are tangent to the line $x - 2y = 20$ at the point $(6; -7)$. The sum of the x coordinates of the centers of the circles is:

☐ A 12.
☐ B -14.
☐ C 3.
☐ D -5.
☐ E 2.

(USA North Carolina State High School Mathematics Contest, 2004)

- 5** Classify the curve $\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{36} = 1$ as one of parabola, ellipse, or hyperbola. Sketch the graph, with foci and vertices clearly labeled. [ellipse]

- 6** Another way to define eccentricity for a hyperbola or an ellipse is $e = \frac{c}{a}$. Find the eccentricity of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$.

(USA Central Lake College, Worksheet)

$$\left[e = \frac{3}{5} \right]$$

- 7 TEST** How many points do the graphs of $4x^2 - 9y^2 = 36$ and $x^2 - 2x + y^2 = 15$ have in common?

☐ A 0
☐ B 1
☐ C 2
☐ D 3
☐ E 4

(USA University of South Carolina: High School Math Contest, 2000)

GLOSSARY

circle: circonferenza
conic: curva conica
eccentricity: eccentricità
ellipse: ellisse
endpoint: estremo

focus (foci): fuoco (fuochi)
graph: grafico
hyperbola: iperbole
radius (radii): raggio (raggi)
tangent line: retta tangente