

Catherine's ghost

Mr Lockwood has to spend the night at Wuthering Heights because of the terrible weather. He is taken to a bedroom that has not been used for quite some time as Heathcliff keeps it shut. In the room he finds three diaries, which have the following names written on them – Catherine Earnshaw, Catherine Heathcliff and Catherine Linton. Lockwood reads their contents: they reveal that Cathy is fond of Heathcliff, but that her brother Hindley treats Heathcliff badly. Lockwood falls asleep, but a tapping on the window wakes him up.

Emily Brontë
Wuthering Heights
(1847)

Chapter 3

This time, I remembered I was lying in the oak closet, and I heard distinctly the gusty wind, and the driving of the snow; I heard, also, the fir bough repeat its teasing sound¹, and ascribed it to the right cause; but it annoyed me so much, that I resolved to silence it, if possible, and, I thought, I rose and endeavoured to unhasp the casement². The hook was soldered into the staple³, a circumstance observed by me when awake, but forgotten.

'I must stop it, nevertheless!' I muttered⁴, knocking my knuckles through the glass, and stretching an arm out to seize the importunate branch⁵, instead of which, my fingers closed on the fingers of a little, ice-cold hand!

The intense horror of nightmare came over me; I tried to draw back my arm, but the hand clung to it⁶, and a most melancholy voice sobbed, 'Let me in – let me in!'

'Who are you?' I asked, struggling, meanwhile, to disengage myself7.

'Catherine Linton,' it replied, shiveringly (why did I think of *Linton*? I had read *Earnshaw* twenty times for Linton), – 'I'm come home, I'd lost my way on the moor!'

As it spoke, I discerned, obscurely, a child's face looking through the window. Terror made me cruel, and, finding it useless to attempt⁸ shaking the creature off, I pulled its wrist on to the broken pane, and rubbed it to and fro⁹ till the blood ran down and soaked the bedclothes; still it wailed¹⁰, 'Let me in!' and maintained its tenacious grip, almost maddening me with fear.

'How can I!' I said at length. 'Let me go, if you want me to let you in!'

The fingers relaxed, I snatched¹¹ mine through the hole, hurriedly piled the books up in a pyramid against it, and stopped my ears to exclude the lamentable prayer. I seemed to keep them closed above a quarter of an hour; yet, the instant I listened again, there was the doleful cry moaning on¹²!

'Begone!' I shouted. 'I'll never let you in, not if you beg for twenty years.'

'It is twenty years,' mourned the voice, 'twenty years. I've been a waif ¹³ for twenty years!' Thereat began a feeble scratching ¹⁴ outside, and the pile of books moved as if thrust forward ¹⁵.

I tried to jump up, but could not stir a limb¹⁶, and so yelled aloud, in a frenzy of fright¹⁷. To my confusion, I discovered the yell was not ideal. Hasty footsteps approached my chamber door; somebody pushed it open with a vigorous hand, and a light glimmered through the squares at the top of the bed. I sat shuddering¹⁸ yet, and wiping the perspiration from my forehead¹⁹; the intruder appeared to hesitate, and muttered to himself.

At last, he said, in a half-whisper, plainly not expecting an answer, 'Is any one here?'

I considered it best to confess my presence, for I knew Heathcliff's accents, and feared he might search further, if I kept quiet.

With this intention, I turned and opened the panels – I shall not soon forget the effect my action produced.

- 1 **the fir ... sound.** Il ramo d'abete ripetere il suo suono tormentoso.
- 2 endeavoured ... casement. Cercai di aprire la finestra a battenti.
- 3 The hook ... staple. Il gancio era saldato nella toppa.
- 4 I muttered. Borbottai.
- to seize ... branch. Per afferrare il
- ramo importuno.
- 6 clung to it. Si aggrappava a esso.
- 7 to disengage myself. Per liberarmi.
- 8 useless to attempt. Inutile tentare.
- 9 **rubbed it to and fro.** Lo strofinai avanti e indietro.
- 10 it wailed. Gemeva.
- 11 I snatched. Sottrassi.
- 12 the doleful cry moaning on. Il grido dolente che continuava a lamentarsi.
- 13 waif. Derelitta, abbandonata.
- 14 a feeble scratching. Un debole grattare.
- 15 thrust forward. Spinta avanti.
- 16 **stir a limb.** Muovere un muscolo.
- 17 frenzy of fright. Accesso di terrore.
- 18 shuddering. Rabbrividendo.
- 19 **wiping ... forehead.** Asciugandomi il sudore dalla fronte.

Heathcliff stood near the entrance, in his shirt and trousers; with a candle dripping²⁰ over his fingers, and his face as white as the wall behind him. The first creak of the oak startled him²¹ like an electric shock: the light leaped²² from his hold to a distance of some feet, and his agitation was so extreme, that he could hardly pick it up.

'It is only your guest, sir,' I called out, desirous to spare him²³ the humiliation of exposing his cowardice²⁴ further. 'I had the misfortune to scream in my sleep, owing to a frightful nightmare. I'm sorry I disturbed you.'

'Oh, God confound you²⁵, Mr Lockwood! I wish you were at the –' commenced my host, setting the candle on a chair, because he found it impossible to hold it steady²⁶. 'And who showed you up to this room?' he continued, crushing his nails into his palms, and grinding his teeth to subdue²⁷ the maxillary convulsions. 'Who was it? I've a good mind to turn them out of the house this moment!' […]

Scarcely were these words uttered²⁸ when I recollected the association of Heathcliff's with Catherine's name in the book, which had completely slipped²⁹ from my memory till thus awakened. I blushed at my inconsideration, but, without showing further consciousness of the offence, I hastened to add³⁰, 'The truth is, sir, I passed the first part of the night in –' Here I stopped afresh – I was about to say 'perusing³¹ those old volumes,' then it would have revealed my knowledge of their written, as well as their printed contents, so, correcting myself, I went on, 'in spelling over the name scratched on that window-ledge³². A monotonous occupation, calculated to set me asleep, like counting, or –'

'What *can* you mean by talking in this way to *me*?' thundered³³ Heathcliff with savage vehemence. 'How – how *dare* you³⁴, under my roof? – God! he's mad to speak so!' And he struck his forehead with rage.

- 20 dripping. Che gocciolava.
- 21 startled him. Lo fece trasalire.
- 22 leaped. Balzò.

40

- 23 **to spare him.** Di risparmiargli.
- 24 cowardice. Vigliaccheria.
- 25 God confound you. Dio La maledica.
- 26 steady. Ferma.
- 27 grinding ... subdue. Digrignando i
- denti per controllare.
- 28 **uttered.** Pronunciate.
- 29 **slipped.** Scivolata via.
- 30 **I hastened to add.** Mi affrettai ad aggiungere.
- 31 perusing. Analizzare.
- 32 scratched on that window-ledge. Inciso su quel davanzale.
- 33 thundered. Tuonò.
- 34 how dare you. Come osa.

_						
	READING COMPETENCE					
1	READ the text and match the highlighted words with their Italian translation.					
1	polso					
2	presa					
3	nocche					
4	urlai					
5	rabbia					
6	a causa di					
7	a raffiche					
8	pianse					
9	inzuppò					
10	con un tremito					
11	stanzino					
2	READ the text again and do the following activities.					
1	Write down what the two settings are.					
	1					
	2					
2	The verb 'resolved' in line 3 means					
_	A knew.					
	B decided.					

calculated.



3		ces about Lockwood. ed his arm out of the windo w his arm back because						
		be						
				through the window.				
	'	until i		inst the hole in the window.				
,	Describe Lockwood's		ayc	inist the note in the window.				
	Who does the ghost s	•						
6	How long does Lockw	ow long does Lockwood think he has been listening to her? How long does she say she has been waiting?						
7		ollowing statements about						
		-						
		•						
	•							
_				room.				
		d say he has found Cathy's	name?					
9	The passage is narrat	ted in						
	A the first person.							
	B the third person.							
3	more	reliable	Gothic	manners	locked			
	nails	wax	rest	unfriendly	ghost			
1	The setting of the	he extract is (1)	, a mysterio	us room that has been (2)	for			
l		, ,	•	a mystery. There is frightenin on Heathclif	~			
				passionately savage man out				
	is afraid, as he	hesitates after hearing the	scream and obviou	usly knows of the (6)				
	is mysterious –	she has three names, and	is lost and not at (7) – so the r	eader knows			
	that there is a c	that there is a complex story here and he wants to know (8)						
	a normal perso	n with feelings and conven	tional (9)	; therefore we trust h	iim to be a			
	(10)	and truthful narrato	r and believe the st	cory he is telling.				
	COMPETENCE: ESTA	ABLISHING LINKS BETW	EEN TEXT AND G	ENRE				
4	DISCUSS. Point out similarities and differences between the Gothic tradition (\rightarrow 4.6) and the way Emily Brontë uses it.							